(4°)

E D I N B U R G H,

The seventh day of Odober, one thousand six hundred and sixty three.



hereas his Majesty, with addice and consent of his Estates of Parliament, by their Act and Proclamation, bearing date the twenty two day of February, 1661. Hinding, that many seditious and turbulent persons, Pinisters and others in the Kingdom of Ireland, who, by reason of their phanatick principles could not comply with the administration of his Majesties Authority and Godernment, so happily established in that Kingdom, were coming over, expecting shelter here; that they might be the more able to carry on their designs in perverting of the alleagiance of the Subjects, and subverting the peace of the Kingdom. And that it did much concern the publick peace, that such waspes and unworthy persons, enemies to all lawfull Authority, and to whom it is natural to sit up sedition, and undermine the peace where ever they are, should have no countenance in this Kingdom; Did therefore declare, that no persons whatsoever, coming from Ireland without a sufficient Pass and Lestimony in write from the Lord Justices Council, or some having power from them, or from the Sherist of the County, or Payor of the City where

the faids persons libed, of their peaceable carriage and conformity to the Laws, Could be allowed any relidence, receipt of stay within this Kingdom; but that it hould be lawfull to, like as all Pagistrates and Justices of Peace are hereby required, to seize upon and imprison all fuch persons, wanting such Testimony, who should not willingly remobe out of the Kingdom within afteen dayes after the intimating of the said Proclamation to them, (excepting all ordinary known trafficking Perchants) Likeas, by the said Act and Proclamation, it is ordained, That all such persons, who should come over with any such Testimony, should, within fifteen dayes after their landing, make their appearance before the Parliament, of in case of their not litting, before the Priby Council, of such as should be warranded by them, and there make known the reasons of their coming hither, and give such security as should be thought sit for their peaceable carriage; otherwise, to remove off the Country Within Afteen dayes; Wherein if they Could failzie, Pagifrates, Sheriffs, and other publick Ministers, are by the laid Act inpowered to apprehend, secure and imprison them, till course should be taken with them as with seditious and factious persons. And seing. That the faid Act and Proclamation was only ordained to endure for one year after the date thereof, and longer, as the Priby Council Chould think fit; and feing the fame hath not as yet been renewed, or propogat; neither, as yet, have any person or persons been nominated and imporbered. before whom, these coming from Ireland, in maner aforesaid, should appear and make known the reasons of their coming bither; and to whom, they hould find caution for their peaceable carriage, in maner mentioned in the faid Act: By reason whereof, several Ministers have presumed to come from Ireland to this Kingdom, Without either owning or acknowledging of his Majesties Parliament, Priby Council or other Authority. Civil or Ecclesiastick; some of which have been so bold as to preach publickly in Churches, and others do privately watch their own opportunities to fir up the Subjects to fedition, and to alienat their minds from the Government, so happily established both in Church and State, The Lords of his Majellies Priby Council habe renelbed, and by thele prefents renewes the laid Act and Proclamation, and ordains the fame to ftand in full force, ftrength and effect, and to be put to due execution against the Contrabeeners thereof: And for that effect, babe nominated, appointed and impowered, and by thefe prefents, nominates, appoints and impowers, William Carl of Glencain, Lord Chancelloz, Hugh carl of Eglintoun, Carl of Galloway, William Lord Cochrane, the Probott of Glasgow for the time, the Probott of Air for Maxwel of Munshes, the 1220bost of Wigtoun for the time, and Stewart of Tundergie, or any one of them, to call the time, befoze them all luch persons coming from Ireland, Wanting lufficient Balles and Tellimonies from the Lord Lieutenant, or the persons mentioned in the law Act and Proclamation, who Chall not Willingly remobe off the Kingdom Within fifteen dayes after the publick intimation of thefe prefents, and to fecure their perfons in prifon, till his Bafelties Council be acquaint therewith; with power also to the forenamed perfons, or any one of them, to examine all fuch perfons as thall come ober from Ireland, having fuch Lestimony, concerning the reasons of their coming bither: and to take fuch fecurity of them for their peaceable carriage as they thail think fit. And in cafe they thall not find the faid fecurity, to cause them remobe off the Countrey within fifteen dayes, otherwife to appreisend, fecure and imprison them, untill they be proceeded against as feditious perfons, and difturbers of the publick peace. Dozeober, the Lords of his Dajeftes Priby Council taking to their confideration, that not bith-Ctanding of the Acts of Parliament and Council published, for prebenting and suppressing the seeds of separation and disobedience to Authority . Dis pers persons in several Paroches presume to withdraw and separate themseibes from attending upon the ordinar meetings for divine worthin. in these Paroches where Mintters are legally planted, to the scandalous contempt of the Laws, and great encrease of disordour and licentique nels: And that some do perbert the true meaning and intent of the Act of Parliament, Entituled, Act against separation and disobedience to Ecclesiastical Authority, which appoints every Pinifter to gibe admonition in presence of two witnesses to such persons as thall be given up to the Council as transcressof the laid Act. Therefore, the Lords of his Pajesties Priby Council, for explanation of that clause of the laid Act according to the true meaning and intent thereof; do declare, that these persons thall be proceeded against by the Council as transgressors of the Act. Who withoraw from their Paroch Kirks after three publick admonitions giben by the Ministers of the respective Paroches out of the Pulpit in the Church upon the Lords day after othine Serbice : And that the Ministers attestation under his hand, That in presence of two or moe sufficient mitneties, he hath from the pulpit upon three Lords dayes intimat the names of fuch, who ordinarly and wilfully ablent themselbes from the ordinary meetings of divine worthip in their own Paroch Church, thall give an fufficient ground of proceeding against such persons as transques fors of the faid Act. For putting the which into more effectual execution, as they do discharge such persons, who under pretence of their being El-Ders in Birk-lestions formerly, do go about to leaben the people, with diffatisfaction and disobedience to the Laws and Ecclesiastick Authority, up= on pain of being proceeded against as seditious persons. So they do require such persons, as shall be called by the Ministers legally planted, to assist them for suppressing of an and disorders in the paroch, to gibe their concurrence for that effect. And, farther, they do command and require, and here: by authorize and warrand all Moblemen, Sheriffs, Magistrates of Burghs, Justices of Peace, all Officers of Standing Forces, as they tender his Baielties ferbice and the peace of the Countrep, to gibe their affiliance and effectual concurrence to Ministers in their respectibe bounds in the bil out th

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the laws persons lived, of their peaceable carriage and conformity to the Laws, Could be allowed any relidence, receipt of day within this Kingdom; but that it thould be lawfull to, like as all Pagistrates and Justices of Peace are hereby required, to seize upon and imprison all such persons, wanting such Testimony, who should not willingly remobe out of the Kingdom within afteen dayes after the intimating of the said Proclamation to them, (excepting all ordinary known trafficking Perchants) Likeas, by the said Act and Proclamation, it is ordained. That all such persons, who hould come over with any such Testimony, should, within fifteen dayes after their landing, make their appearance before the Parliament, of in case of their not sitting, before the Priby Council, of such as should be warranded by them, and there make known the reasons of their coming hither, and give such security as should be thought sit so, their peaceable carriage; otherwise, to remove off the Country Within fifteen dayes; wherein if they Chould failzie, Pagifrates, Sheriffs, and other publick Pinisters, are by the said Act impowered to apprehend, secure and imprison them, till course should be taken with them as with seditious and factious persons. And seing. That the said Act and Proclamation was only ordained to endure for one year after the date thereof, and longer, as the Priby Council should think fit; and feing the same hath not as yet been renewed, or propogat; neither, as yet, have any person or persons been nominated and impowered. before whom, these coming from Ireland, in maner aforesaid, should appear and make known the reasons of their coming hither; and to whom, they hould find caution for their peaceable carriage, in maner mentioned in the faid Act: By reason whereof, several Ministers have presumed to come from Ireland to this Kingdom, Without either owning or acknowledging of his Majesties Parliament, Privy Council or other Authority, Civil or Ecclesialtick; some of which have been so bold as to preach publickly in Churches, and others do privately watch their own opposite tries to fir up the Subjects to sedition, and to alternat their minds from the Government, so happily established both in Church and State, The Lords of his Pajelties Priby Council habe renewed, and by thele prefents renewes the laid Act and Proclamation, and ordains the same to ftand in fall force, ftrength and effect, and to be put to due execution against the Contraveeners thereof: And for that effect, habe nominated, appointed and impowered, and by thefe prefents, nominates, appoints and impowers, William Earl of Glencairn, Lord Chan-Carl of Galloway, William Lord Cochrane, the Probott of Glasgow for the time, the Probott of Air for celloz, Hugh Carl of Eglintoun, Maxwel of Munshes, the 1020bost of Wigtoun for the time, and Stewart of Tundergie, or any one of them, to call the time, before them all fuch persons coming from Ireland, wanting sufficient Palles and Teltimonies from the Lord Lieutenant, or the persons mentioned in the laid Act and Proclamation, who chall not Willingly remove off the Kingdom Within fifteen dayes after the publick intimation of thefe presents, and to secure their persons in prison, till his Pajestics Council be acquaint therewith; with power also to the forenamed persons, or any one of them, to examine all fuch perlons as thall come ober from Ireland, having fuch Lestimony, concerning the reasons of their coming bither: and to take such security of them for their peaceable carriage as they Chall think fit. And in case they Chall not find the said security, to cause them remobe off the Countrey within afteen dayes, otherwife to appreisend, fecure and imprison them, untill they be proceeded against as seditious perfons, and diffurbers of the publick Peace. Porcober, the Lords of his Pajelites Priby Council taking to their confideration, that not withstanding of the Acts of Parliament and Council published, for prebenting and suppressing the seeds of separation and disobedience to Authority . 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And, farther, all Pagistrates, Sheriffs, and other publick Ministers are hereby ordained, as they will be answerable upon their duty, to put this present Act and Proclamation, with the Acts of Barlias ment and Decret Council, hereby renewed and explained, to due execution against the Contraveeners thereof, in manner therein exprest. And ora Dams thele prefents to be printed, and published at the Mercat-crofs of Edinburgh, and other places needful, that none pretend ignorance.